DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO

## POL 2578–H1 Topics in Methods: Computational Text Analysis

### COURSE OUTLINE

Fall 2016 (Section L0101)

CLASS TIME: Wednesdays, 4–6 PM CLASS LOCATION: SS 561 (Sidney Smith Hall, Room 561)

INSTRUCTOR: Ludovic Rheault OFFICE HOURS: Thursdays, 3–4 PM. EMAIL: ludovic.rheault@utoronto.ca OFFICE LOCATION: Sidney Smith 3005

#### **Course Description**

Social actors interact using language. As a result, testing social science theories usually requires analyzing, in one way or another, written language. Thankfully, recent advances in computational linguistics have considerably increased the reach of scholars interested in working with textual data. Moreover, swathes of digitized documents have been made available to researchers in recent years. This includes parliamentary records, committee proceedings, bills, laws, international treaties, news reports, social media discussions, blogs, websites, and so forth. How to process and analyze such large quantities of textual data meaningfully is the central focus of this course.

The course introduces students to the state of the art in the field of computational text analysis. It covers the most widely used methods for the empirical analysis of textual data, from the preprocessing stages to the interpretation of findings. The course also includes an introduction to machine learning. By the end of this course, students will have gained expertise with an important branch of computational social science. They will also have developed skills with the Python programming language.

#### **Course Format**

The course takes place in the Sidney Smith computer lab. Classes will be a combination of advanced lectures and interactive exercises, every Wednesdays. Registered students will also be invited to present an independent research project during the last weeks of the course.

#### Software

Since the course takes place in a computer lab, students will be provided with the software tools needed to practice exercises and reproduce examples during class. Although students may choose to use software packages of their liking to conduct their term paper, most class exercises and demonstrations will be performed using the Python programming language. If time permits, some examples using the R language for statistical computing and the Weka library will also be incorporated into the lectures.

Class examples will rely upon Python version 2.7. Computers in the SS Lab will be equipped with the Anaconda distribution of Python, which already includes all required libraries for this course. In-class examples will be provided from the Jupyter notebook, a user-friendly environment for interactive computing.

Python is freely available on all operating systems (and so are Anaconda and Jupyter). Therefore, students can easily reproduce exercises and replicate examples on their personal computers. Students who do not dispose of a personal computer may practice and perform required assignments in one of several computer labs on the campus.

#### Requirements

Although there are no formal requirements for the course, some background in statistical analysis and/or computing is strongly recommended. It is assumed that students will have completed POL 2504 or the equivalent beforehand, which should prepare them for this course.

The course involves some advanced concepts in programming and statistics. However, the pedagogical approach is tailored to students who may not have had an extended training in mathematics or computing as undergraduate students (as is often the case in the social sciences).

### Marking Scheme

Written Assignment $\#1$	20%	Due: October 19, 2016	
Written Assignment $#2$	20%	Due: November 9, 2016	
Oral Presentation	15%	During the last two or three weeks	
		(depending on enrollment)	
Term Paper	35~%	Due: December 8, 2016	
Participation	10~%		

#### Readings

No textbook is perfectly tailored to the needs of this course. Instead, we will focus on a collection of chapters from the following set of textbooks. Together they will cover most of the material under study. The readings recommended for each class can be very helpful to supplement the lecture notes that will be made available to students. All of these books are accessible online, either from their authors' websites or electronically through the UofT Library.

- Bird, Steven, Ewan Klein and Edward Loper. 2009. Natural Language Processing with Python. O'Reilly Media.
  - An accessible introduction to natural language processing in Python, mostly using the nltk package. The book is available online for free.

- Manning, Christopher D., Prabhakar Raghavan and Hinrich Schütze. 2009. An Introduction to Information Retrieval. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
  - A key reference that covers most of the topics discussed in this course, and more. Online versions are available.
- Jurafsky, Daniel and James H. Martin. 2008. Speech and Language Processing. New Jersey: Prentice Hall.
  - Another useful reference for exploring some of the topics in more depth. Some chapters are available online for free.
- Manning, Christopher D. and Hinrich Schütze. 1999. Foundations of Statistical Natural Language Processing. Cambridge: MIT Press.
  - An older reference that nonetheless covers key basic concepts for this course. The book is available electronically through the UofT Library.
- Hastie, Trevor, Robert Tibshirani and Jerome Friedman. 2009. The Elements of Statistical Learning. 2nd Edition. Berlin: Springer.
  - A useful reference on the particular topic of machine learning. The book is available electronically through the UofT Library.

#### **Evaluations**

The course uses a variety of evaluation formats to help students develop different skills related to scientific research.

#### Written Assignments

The written assignments are problem sets designed to evaluate students' ability to put the methods learned into practice. They may involve practicing various types of textual analysis using Python and answering short factual questions about the models and their interpretation.

There is no better way to improve one's skills than practice. Therefore, those exercises are not only useful as evaluations, but also as a way for students to gain concrete expertise with the subject-matter. Assignments are done individually. They are handed in during class at the due date, or else submitted directly by email to the instructor.

#### **Oral Presentation**

During the last weeks of the course, registered students will take turns to present the research project they are working on for the term paper. The presentations are between 5 and 10 minutes, followed by reactions from the audience.

At the time of the presentation, the research project will likely not be completed. Students will not be evaluated based on the results that they have obtained. Instead, the goal of the presentation is to evaluate whether students are able to invoke the concepts and methods studied during the course clearly and efficiently.

After each presentation, the rest of the class will be invited to formulate constructive comments, which may help the presenter to complete the term paper.

#### Term Paper

The term work takes the form of a scientific report in which students propose an application using any of the models for computational text analysis discussed during the course. This represents the empirical section of a research paper on a topic of the graduate student's choosing. Students can use one of the corpora examined in class or use their own data sources. Pending approval from their supervisor, graduate students may opt to work on a draft of a dissertation chapter.

The term paper will include a brief introduction stating the research question, an outline of the theory and some testable propositions (hypotheses). The main part of the term paper (roughly 4,000 words), however, consists of presenting an analysis involving textual data. The paper is expected to introduce the empirical research design and proceed with the key stages of the empirical analysis. Students should make sure to provide the replication scripts along with their study.

Date	Topic	Evaluation
September 14	Computers, Language and Corpus Preprocessing	
September 21	Introduction to Python	
September 28	Statistics for Textual Data I	
October 5	Statistics for Textual Data II	
October 12	Natural Language Processing	
October 19	Lexicons and Vector Space Models	Assignment Due
October 26	Introduction to Machine Learning	
November 2	Supervised Learning I	
November 9	Supervised Learning II	Assignment Due
November 16	Unsupervised Learning I	(Student Presentations)
November 23	Unsupervised Learning II	(Student Presentations)
November 30	Advanced Topics	(Student Presentations)
December 8	[End of Semester]	Term Paper Due

#### **Class Schedule: Summary**

Note: Topics by date are for information only. The schedule above (and the detailed structure in the following pages) may by adjusted during the term due to unforeseen circumstances, the availability of special guests, or to improve the pedagogical benefits to students.

# **Class Schedule: Detailed**

## **Topic 1: Computers and Text**

## September 14: Computers, Language and Corpus Preprocessing

- 1. Brief history of computational text analysis.
- 2. Examples of recent applications.
- 3. How computers encode text.
- 4. Working with foreign languages.
- 5. Preprocessing textual data.
- 6. Some fundamentals of natural language processing.
- 7. Overview of Python.

## September 21: Introduction to Python

- 1. Introduction to Python.
- 2. Data types, lists and dictionaries.
- 3. Input/Output.
- 4. Functions and conditional statements.
- 5. Encoding text.
- 6. Processing textual data in Python.
- 7. Exercise: Parsing html and xml data.

#### Readings

- Bird, Klein, and Loper (2009), Ch. 2–4.
- Manning and Schütze (1999), Ch. 1.

#### Other Useful References

- Aggarwal and Zhai (2012b).
- McKinney (2013), Ch. 1.
- Downey, Elkner, and Meyers (2002), Ch. 1–2.
- D'Orazio et al. (2014).
- Jockers (2014).
- Weiss, Indurkhya, and Zhang (2015).
- Krippendorff (2013), Ch. 4.
- Watch a 45-minute introductory video on Python.

## **Topic 2: Statistics for Textual Data**

## September 28: Statistics for Textual Data I

- 1. Document retrieval and indexing.
- 2. Tokenization, sentence splitting.
- 3. Word counts and word distributions.
- 4. Heaps' and Zipf's Laws.
- 5. Vectorization.
- 6. Visualization techniques.

### October 5: Statistics for Textual Data II

- 1. Term-frequency/inverse document frequency (tf-idf) weighting.
- 2. Word co-occurrences.
- 3. Comparing texts.
- 4. Statistical properties of texts.
- 5. Examples of applications: Wordscores and Wordfish.

#### Readings

- Manning, Raghavan, and Schütze (2009), Ch. 1–2.
- Manning and Schütze (1999), Ch. 5–6.

#### Other Useful References

- Bird, Klein, and Loper (2009), Ch. 2–4.
- Jiang (2012).
- Nenkova and McKeown (2012).
- Zipf (1932).
- Porter (1980).
- Python Online Documentation.

#### **Examples of Applications**

- Laver and Garry (2000).
- Laver, Benoit, and Garry (2003).
- Alfini and Chambers (2007).
- Lowe (2008).
- Slapin and Proksch (2008).
- Gentzkow and Shapiro (2010).
- Proksch and Slapin (2010).
- Black et al. (2011).
- Däubler et al. (2012).
- Acton and Potts (2014).
- Yu (2014).
- Spirling (2016).
- Blaxill and Beelen (2016).

## **Topic 3: Linguistics and Natural Language Processing**

### 5. October 12: Introduction to Natural Language Processing

- 1. Overview of linguistic theory.
- 2. Unigrams, bi-grams and n-grams.
- 3. Part-of-speech tagging.
- 4. Stemming and lemmatization.
- 5. Grammar parsing.
- 6. Named entity recognition.

#### 6. October 19: Lexicons and Vector Space Models

- 1. Creating and using word lexicons (dictionaries).
- 2. Summarizing text properties.
- 3. Vector space representation.
- 4. Word similarities and word relations.
- 5. Latent semantic analysis (LSA).

#### Readings

- Bird, Klein, and Loper (2009), Ch. 5.
- Manning and Schütze (1999), Ch. 3, 10.
- Turney and Pantel (2010).

#### Other Useful References

- Manning, Raghavan, and Schütze (2009), Ch. 6.
- Jurafsky and Martin (2008), Ch. 9–10.
- Miller et al. (1990).
- Mikolov et al. (2013).
- Manning et al. (2014).
- Landauer, Foltz, and Laham (1998).
- Python Online Documentation.

#### **Examples of Applications**

- Bollen, Mao, and Zeng (2011).
- Bollen, Mao, and Pepe (2011).
- Golder and Macy (2011).
- Michel et al. (2011).
- Young and Soroka (2012).
- Jensen et al. (2012).
- Coviello et al. (2014).
- Gentzkow, Shapiro, and Taddy (2016).

## **Topic 4: Machine Learning**

## October 26: Introduction to Machine Learning

- 1. Machine learning and classification.
- 2. Annotating texts and intercoder reliability.
- 3. Development, training and testing.
- 4. An introductory example: sentiment analysis.

## November 2: Supervised Learning I

- 1. Features and classes.
- 2. "Bag of words" approach.
- 3. Feature selection.
- 4. Naive Bayes classifiers.
- 5. Nearest Neighbor classifiers.
- 6. Multi-class problems.

## November 9: Supervised Learning II

- 1. Evaluating classifiers.
- 2. Accuracy measures.
- 3. Ridge regression.
- 4. Support vector machines.
- 5. Applications in Python.

## November 16: Unsupervised Learning I

- 1. Unsupervised learning.
- 2. Motivating example: topic classification.
- 3. Clustering analysis.
- 4. Principal component analysis.

## November 21: Unsupervised Learning II

- 1. Latent Dirichlet Allocation (LDA).
- 2. Correlated and dynamic LDA.
- 3. Examples of applications.
- 4. Student presentations.

#### Readings

- Hastie, Tibshirani, and Friedman (2009), Ch. 2, 6–7, 12.
- Bird, Klein, and Loper (2009), Ch. 6.
- Steyvers and Griffiths (2011).

#### **Other Useful References**

- Manning, Raghavan, and Schütze (2009), Ch. 15.
- Shawe-Taylor and Cristianini (2000).
- Blei, Ng, and Jordan (2003).
- Blei and Lafferty (2006a).
- Blei and Lafferty (2006b).
- Blei (2012).
- Hayes and Krippendorff (2007).
- He and Garcia (2009).
- Aggarwal and Zhai (2012a).
- Richert and Coelho (2013).
- Lantz (2013).
- James et al. (2013).
- Raschka (2015).
- scikit-learn for Python: Online Documentation.

#### **Examples of Applications**

- Mosteller and Wallace (1964).
- Airoldi, Fienberg, and Skinner (2007).
- Monroe, Colaresi, and Quinn (2008).
- Yu, Kaufmann, and Diermeier (2008).
- Hopkins and King (2010).
- Grimmer (2010).
- Grimmer, Messing, and Westwood (2012).
- Diermeier et al. (2012).
- Hirst et al. (2014).
- Roberts et al. (2014).
- D'Orazio et al. (2014).
- Lucas et al. (2015).
- Harris (2015).
- Reich et al. (2015).
- Roberts, Stewart, and Airoldi (2016).
- Tingley (2016).

## **Topic 5: Advanced Topics and Wrap-Up**

## November 30: Overview of Advanced Topics (As Time Permits)

- 1. Regular expressions.
- 2. Web-scraping and online text data retrieval.
- 3. Neural networks and deep learning.
- 4. Student presentations (continued).

### Readings

- Hastie, Tibshirani, and Friedman (2009), Ch. 11.
- Aggarwal (2012).
- Hu and Liu (2012).

### Other Useful References

- Mitchell (2015).
- Munzert et al. (2015).
- Bengio, Goodfellow, and Courville (2016).
- Beautiful Soup for Python: Online Documentation.

## References

- Acton, Eric K., and Christopher Potts. 2014. "That Straight Talk: Sarah Palin and the Sociolinguistics of Demonstratives." Journal of Sociolinguistics 18(1): 3–31.
- Aggarwal, Charu C. 2012. "Mining Text Streams." In *Mining Text Data*, ed. Charu C. Aggarwal, and ChengXiang Zhai. New York: Springer pp. 297–322.
- Aggarwal, Charu C., and ChengXiang Zhai. 2012a. "A Survey of Text Classification Algorithms." In *Mining Text Data*, ed. Charu C. Aggarwal, and ChengXiang Zhai. New York: Springer pp. 163–222.
- Aggarwal, Charu C., and ChengXiang Zhai. 2012b. "An Introduction to Text Mining." In Mining Text Data, ed. Charu C. Aggarwal, and ChengXiang Zhai. New York: Springer pp. 1–10.
- Airoldi, Edoardo M., Stephen E. Fienberg, and Kiron K. Skinner. 2007. "Whose Ideas? Whose Words? Authorship of Ronald Reagan's Radio Addresses." *PS: Political Science and Politics* 40(3): 501–506.
- Alfini, Naomi, and Robert Chambers. 2007. "Words Count: Taking a Count of the Changing Language of British Aid." *Development in Practice* 17(4/5): 492–504.
- Bengio, Yoshua, Ian Goodfellow, and Aaron Courville. 2016. *Deep Learning*. Cambridge: MIT Press.
- Bird, Steven, Ewan Klein, and Edward Loper. 2009. Natural Language Processing with Python. Sebastopol: OReilly Media.
- Black, Ryan C., Sarah A. Treul, Timothy R. Johnson, and Jerry Goldman. 2011. "Emotions, Oral Arguments, and Supreme Court Decision Making." *The Journal of Politics* 73(2): 572–581.
- Blaxill, Luke, and Kaspar Beelen. 2016. "A Feminized Language of Democracy? The Representation of Women at Westminster since 1945." Twentieth Century British History. doi: 10.1093/tcbh/hww028
- Blei, David M. 2012. "Probabilistic topic models." Communications of the ACM 55(4): 77-84.
- Blei, David M., and John D. Lafferty. 2006a. Correlated Topic Model. In Neural Information Processing Systems.
- Blei, David M., and John D. Lafferty. 2006b. Dynamic Topic Models. In Proceedings of the 23rd International Conference on Machine Learning.
- Blei, David M., Andrew Y. Ng, and Michael I. Jordan. 2003. "Latent Dirichlet Allocation." Journal of Machine Learning Research 3(Jan): 993–1022.
- Bollen, Johan, Huina Mao, and Alberto Pepe. 2011. Modeling Public Mood and Emotion: Twitter Sentiment and Socio-Economic Phenomena. In Proceedings of the Fifth International AAAI Conference on Weblogs and Social Media. pp. 450–453.

- Bollen, Johan, Huina Mao, and Xiaojun Zeng. 2011. "Twitter Mood Predicts the Stock Market." Journal of Computational Science 2(1): 1–8.
- Coviello, Lorenzo, Yunkyu Sohn, Adam D. I. Kramer, Cameron Marlow, Massimo Franceschetti, Nicholas A. Christakis, and James H. Fowler. 2014. "Detecting Emotional Contagion in Massive Social Networks." *PLoS ONE* 9(3): e90315.
- Däubler, Thomas, Kenneth Benoit, Slava Mikhaylov, and Michael Laver. 2012. "Natural Sentences as Valid Units for Coded Political Texts." *British Journal of Political Science* 42: 937–951.
- Diermeier, Daniel, Jean-François Godbout, Bei Yu, and Stefan Kaufmann. 2012. "Language and Ideology in Congress." British Journal of Political Science 42(1): 31–55.
- D'Orazio, Vito, Steven T. Landis, Glenn Palmer, and Philip Schrodt. 2014. "Separating the Wheat from the Chaff: Applications of Automated Document Classification Using Support Vector Machines." *Political Analysis* 22(2): 224–242.
- Downey, Allen, Jeffrey Elkner, and Chris Meyers. 2002. How to Think Like a Computer Scientist: Learning with Python. Wellesley: Green Tea Press.
- Gentzkow, Matthew, and Jesse M. Shapiro. 2010. "What Drives Media Slant? Evidence from U.S. Daily Newspapers." *Econometrica* 78(1): 35–71.
- Gentzkow, Matthew, Jesse M. Shapiro, and Matt Taddy. 2016. "Measuring Polarization in High-Dimensional Data: Method and Application to Congressional Speech." *NBER Working Paper* p. 22423.
- Golder, Scott A., and Michael W. Macy. 2011. "Diurnal and Seasonal Mood Vary with Work, Sleep, and Daylength Across Diverse Cultures." *Science* 333(6051): 1878–1881.
- Grimmer, Justin. 2010. "A Bayesian Hierarchical Topic Model for Political Texts: Measuring Expressed Agendas in Senate Press Releases." *Political Analysis* 18(1): 1–35.
- Grimmer, Justin, Solomon Messing, and Sean J Westwood. 2012. "How Words and Money Cultivate a Personal Vote: The Effect of Legislator Credit Claiming on Constituent Credit Allocation." American Political Science Review 106(4): 703–719.
- Harris, J. Andrew. 2015. "What's in a Name? A Method for Extracting Information about Ethnicity from Names." *Political Analysis* 23(2): 212–224.
- Hastie, Trevor, Robert Tibshirani, and Jerome Friedman. 2009. The Elements of Statistical Learning. Berlin: Springer.
- Hayes, Andrew F., and Klaus Krippendorff. 2007. "Answering the Call for a Standard Reliability Measure for Coding Data." *Communication Methods and Measures* 1(1): 7789.
- He, Haibo, and Edwardo A. Garcia. 2009. "Learning from Imbalanced Data." *IEEE Transactions on Knowledge and Data Engineering* 21(9): 1263–1284.

- Hirst, Graeme, Yaroslav Riabinin, Jory Graham, Magali Boizot-Roche, and Colin Morris. 2014. "Text to Ideology or Text to Party Status?" In From Text to Political Positions: Text Analysis across Disciplines, ed. Bertie Kaal, Isa Maks, and Annemarie van Elfrinkhof. John Benjamins Publishing Company pp. 61–79.
- Hopkins, Daniel J., and Gary King. 2010. "A Method of Automated Nonparametric Content Analysis for Social Science." *American Journal of Political Science* 54(1): 229–247.
- Hu, Xia, and Huan Liu. 2012. "Text Analytics in Social Media." In *Mining Text Data*, ed. Charu C. Aggarwal, and ChengXiang Zhai. New York: Springer pp. 385–414.
- James, Gareth, Daniela Witten, Trevor Hastie, and Robert Tibshirani. 2013. An Introduction to Statistical Learning with Applications in R. New York: Springer.
- Jensen, Jacob, Ethan Kaplan, Suresh Naidu, and Laurence Wilse-Samson. 2012. "Political Polarization and the Dynamics of Political Language: Evidence from 130 Years of Partisan Speech." Brookings Papers on Economic Activity Fall: 1–81.
- Jiang, Jing. 2012. "Information Extraction From Text." In *Mining Text Data*, ed. Charu C. Aggarwal, and ChengXiang Zhai. New York: Springer pp. 11–42.
- Jockers, Matthew L. 2014. Text Analysis with R for Students of Literature. New York: Springer.
- Jurafsky, Daniel, and James H. Martin. 2008. Speech and Language Processing. 2 ed. New Jersey: Prentice Hall.
- Krippendorff, Klaus. 2013. Content Analysis: An Introduction to Its Methodology. 3 ed. Thousand Oaks: Sage Publications.
- Landauer, Thomas K., Peter W. Foltz, and Darrell Laham. 1998. "An Introduction to Latent Semantic Analysis." Discourse Processes 25: 259–284.
- Lantz, Brett. 2013. Machine Learning with R. Birmingham: Packt Publishing.
- Laver, Michael, and John Garry. 2000. "Estimating Policy Positions from Political Texts." American Journal of Political Science 44(3): 619–634.
- Laver, Michael, Kenneth Benoit, and John Garry. 2003. "Extracting Policy Positions from Political Texts Using Words as Data." *American Political Science Review* 97(2): 311–331.
- Lowe, Will. 2008. "Understanding Wordscores." Political Analysis 16(4): 356–371.
- Lucas, Christopher, Richard A. Nielsen, Margaret E. Roberts, Brandon M. Stewart, Alex Storer, and Dustin Tingley. 2015. "Computer-Assisted Text Analysis for Comparative Politics." *Political Analysis* 23(2): 254–277.
- Manning, Christopher D., and Hinrich Schütze. 1999. Foundations of Statistical Natural Language Processing. Cambridge: MIT Press.
- Manning, Christopher D., Mihai Surdeanu, John Bauer, Jenny Finkel, Steven J. Bethard, and David McClosky. 2014. The Stanford CoreNLP Natural Language Processing Toolkit. In Proceedings of 52nd Annual Meeting of the Association for Computational Linguistics: System Demonstrations. pp. 55–60.

- Manning, Christopher D., Prabhakar Raghavan, and Hinrich Schütze. 2009. An Introduction to Information Retrieval. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- McKinney, Wes. 2013. Python for Data Analysis. Sebastopol: OReilly Media.
- Michel, Jean-Baptiste, Yuan Kui Shen, Aviva Presser Aiden, Adrian Veres, Matthew K. Gray, The Google Books Team, Joseph P. Pickett, Dale Hoiberg, Dan Clancy, Peter Norvig, Jon Orwant, Steven Pinker, Martin A. Nowak, and Erez Lieberman Aiden. 2011. "Quantitative Analysis of Culture Using Millions of Digitized Books." *Science* 331(6014): 176–182.
- Mikolov, Tomas, Kai Chen, Greg Corrado, and Jeffrey Dean. 2013. Efficient Estimation of Word Representations in Vector Space. In *Proceedings of Workshop at ICLR*.
- Miller, George A., Richard Beckwith, Christiane Fellbaum, Derek Gross, and Katherine J. Miller. 1990. "Introduction to WordNet: An On-line Lexical Database." International Journal of Lexicography 3(4): 235–244.
- Mitchell, Ryan. 2015. Web Scraping with Python. Sebastopol: O'Reilly Media.
- Monroe, Burt L., Michael P. Colaresi, and Kevin M. Quinn. 2008. "Fightin' Words: Lexical Feature Selection and Evaluation for Identifying the Content of Political Conflict." *Political Analysis* 16(4): 372–403.
- Mosteller, Frederick, and David Lee Wallace. 1964. Inference and Disputed Authorship: The Federalist. Boston: Addison-Wesley.
- Munzert, Simon, Christian Rubba, Peter Meissner, and Dominic Nyhuis. 2015. Automated Data Collection with R: A Practical Guide to Web Scraping and Text Mining. Chichester: John Wiley & Sons.
- Nenkova, Ani, and Kathleen McKeown. 2012. "A Survey of Text Summarization Techniques." In *Mining Text Data*, ed. Charu C. Aggarwal, and ChengXiang Zhai. New York: Springer pp. 43–76.
- Porter, M. F. 1980. "An Algorithm for Suffix Stripping." Program 14(3): 130–137.
- Proksch, Sven-Oliver, and Jonathan B. Slapin. 2010. "Position Taking in European Parliament Speeches." British Journal of Political Science 40(3): 587–611.
- Raschka, Sebastian. 2015. Python Machine Learning. Birmingham: Packt Publishing.
- Reich, Justin, Dustin Tingley, Jetson LederLuis, Margaret E. Roberts, and Brandon M. Stewart. 2015. "ComputerAssisted Reading and Discovery for StudentGenerated Text in Massive Open Online Courses." *Journal of Learning Analytics* 2(1): 156–184.
- Richert, Willi, and Luis Pedro Coelho. 2013. Building Machine Learning Systems with Python. Birmingham: Packt Publishing.
- Roberts, Margaret E., Brandon M. Stewart, and Edoardo M. Airoldi. 2016. "A Model of Text for Experimentation in the Social Sciences." *Journal of the American Statistical Association*. Forthcoming.

- Roberts, Margaret E., Brandon M. Stewart, Dustin Tingley, Christopher Lucas, Jetson Leder-Luis, Shana Kushner Gadarian, Bethany Albertson, and David G. Rand. 2014. "Structural Topic Models for Open-Ended Survey Responses." *American Journal of Political Science* 58(4): 1064–1082.
- Shawe-Taylor, John, and Nello Cristianini. 2000. *Support Vector Machines*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Slapin, Jonathan B., and Sven-Oliver Proksch. 2008. "A Scaling Model for Estimating Time-Series Party Positions from Texts." American Journal of Political Science 52(3): 705–722.
- Spirling, Arthur. 2016. "Democratization and Linguistic Complexity: The Effect of Franchise Extension on Parliamentary Discourse, 1832–1915." Journal of Politics 78(1): 120–136.
- Steyvers, Mark, and Tom Griffiths. 2011. *Handbook of Latent Semantic Analysis*. New York: Routledge chapter Probabilistic Topic Models, pp. 427–448.
- Tingley, Dustin. 2016. "Rising Power on the Mind." International Organization. Forthcoming.
- Turney, Peter D., and Patrick Pantel. 2010. "From Frequency to Meaning: Vector Space Models of Semantics." Journal of Artificial Intelligence Research 37: 141–188.
- Weiss, Sholom M., Nitin Indurkhya, and Tong Zhang. 2015. Fundamentals of Predictive Text Mining. 2 ed. London: Springer-Verlag.
- Young, Lori, and Stuart Soroka. 2012. "Affective News: The Automated Coding of Sentiment in Political Texts." *Political Communication* 29: 205–231.
- Yu, Bei. 2014. "Language and Gender in Congressional Speech." Literary and Linguistic Computing 29(1): 118–32.
- Yu, Bei, Stefan Kaufmann, and Daniel Diermeier. 2008. "Classifying Party Affiliation from Political Speech." Journal of Information Technology and Politics 5(1): 33–48.
- Zipf, George Kingsley. 1932. Selected Studies of the Principle of Relative Frequency in Language. Cambridge: Harvard University Press.